Study Questions

Chapter Three: The Use of Theory

1. Uses of theories usually are understood from variables—discuss types of variables used in quantitative research that lead ultimately to the “use of theory.” pp. 52–53.
2. By employing the ideas of Kerlinger (1979) propose a definition of theory as it applies to a study you might design—include the use of independent and dependent variables that may lead to theory. pp. 53–55.
3. Using *higher-greater*, *if-then* statements, or a visual model as explained in the text, explain how you would use *forms of theories* in quantitative research. pp. 55–58.
4. Consider the placement and writing of a quantitative theoretical perspective and indicate how you would use these options in writing your own quantitative research. pp. 59–63, Figure 3.4, Table 3.1, Example 3.1.
5. Describe the different ways in which qualitative researchers may use and place theories in their research. pp. 64–68, Figure 3.5, Examples 3.2, 3.3.
6. Construct a statement about how a researcher would use a theoretical lens in a mixed methods study. p. 68.
7. Elaborate on how a social science framework has been used in mixed methods research. pp. 69–70.
8. Discover and explain how a transformative framework is used for theory in mixed methods research. pp. 70–71.
9. Box 3.1 describes how transformative-emancipatory questions are used in mixed methods—record the steps that researchers use throughout this form of a study? pp. 71–72, Box 3.1.
10. Considering the “mixed” review of criteria used to evaluate transformative theory, how would you steer clear of the problems of transformative theory and mixed methods reviews? pp. 72–74, Example 3.4.